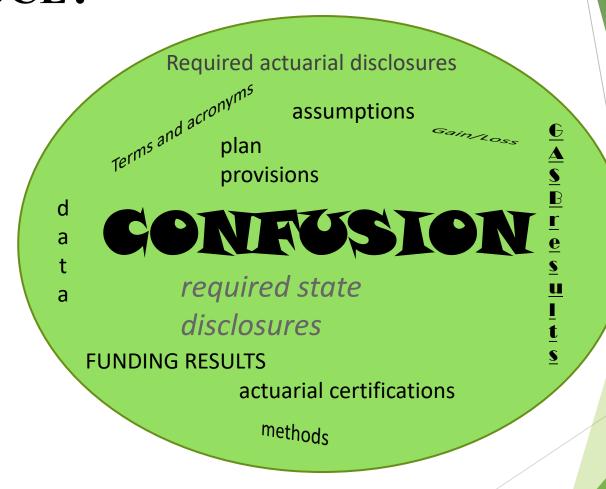
Understanding Actuarial Valuations and their Impact

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WHAT DOES AN ACTUARIAL VALUATION PRODUCE?



ACTUARIAL VALUATION PIPELINE

Key Inputs

Data

Assets Value/Return

Assumptions

Methods

Plan Provisions

Valuation Outputs

Liability /
Funded Ratio

Gain/Loss Analysis

Amortization Payment

Normal Cost

Contribution Requirements

• Census data requested from plan sponsor around fiscal year end (9/30)



Lots of data checks!

	2023	2022	%
	Earnings	Earnings	Difference
Joe Actuary	50,000	70,000	-28.57%
Jane Actuary	100,000	50,000	100.00%

- Confirm salary increases/decreases
- Breaks in service?

Lots of data checks!

	2024	2023
	Birth Date	Birth Date
Jane Actuary	10/1/1990	10/1/2000

Confirm birth date changes

Lots of data checks!

	2024	2023
	Entry Date	Entry Date
Joe Actuary	10/1/2023	10/1/2021
Jane Actuary	10/1/2022	10/1/2023

- Confirm hire date / entry date changes
- Breaks in service? Buybacks?

- Timing to finalize data significantly impacts the rest of the valuation process and ultimate delivery
- Could spend most of valuation process on data!



ASSET VALUES

 Compiled from financial statements provided by custodian and asset managers



ASSET VALUES

- •45-90 day delay in reporting typical for alternative asset classes, including:
 - Private Equity
 - Infrastructure
 - Real Estate
- Potential delay in actuarial valuation!

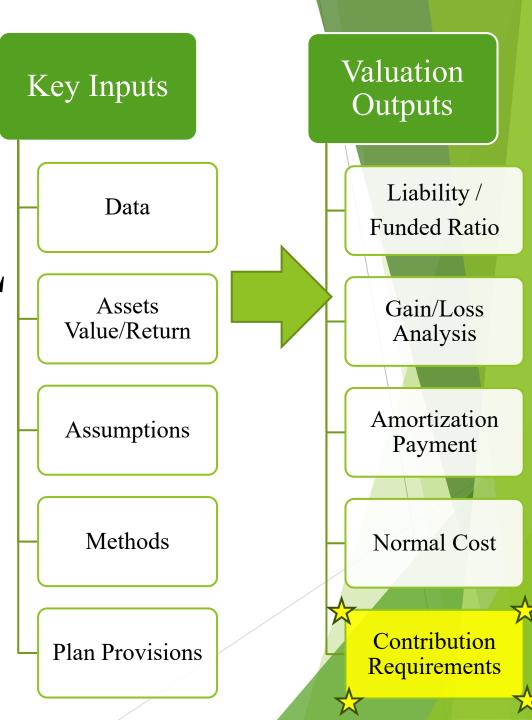
ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

- Set prior to working on the actuarial valuation
- Investment return assumption discussions can take place at any Board meeting
- Other actuarial assumptions and methods are typically changed following an experience study

PLAN PROVISIONS

- Known before working on the actuarial valuation
- Plan provisions are typically changed by ordinance
- Impact of plan changes determined with Actuarial Impact Statement

ACTUARIAL VALUATION PIPELINE



GOALS FOR ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

- Prepared in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice
- Approved at the State level
- Determine relatively stable sponsor contributions

ACTUARIAL STANDARDS OF PRACTICE (ASOPS)

- The Actuarial Standards Board (ASB) is responsible for determining generally accepted actuarial principles
- The ASB issues guidance in the form of the ASOPs

ACTUARIAL STANDARDS OF PRACTICE (ASOP)

- The ASOPs provide a framework to be used in the completion of all actuarial work
- Identifies what the actuary should consider, document and disclose when performing actuarial assignments

IMPACT OF ASOPS ON ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

- •If Actuarial Standards Board updates an ASOP, the actuarial valuation must be updated to comply
- •Potentially lengthier and more expensive actuarial valuations
- •Most recent updates were ASOP 51 and ASOP 4

IMPACT OF ASOPS ON ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

- •ASOP 51 Risk Metrics
 - Support Ratio
 - Accrued Liability Ratio
 - Funded Ratio
 - Net Cash Flow Ratio

IMPACT OF ASOPS ON ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

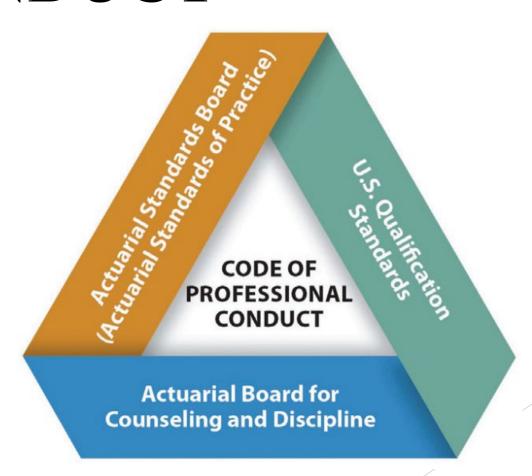
- •ASOP 4 Update Low Default-Risk Obligation Measure ("LDROM")
 - •Recalculates liabilities with an interest rate tied to low-default-risk fixed income securities (e.g.: S&P Muni Bond)
 - •Just a reporting not used for any other purposes
 - Taxpayer savings?

ASOPS

The following ASOPs are specific to pension valuations:

ASOP 4	Measuring Pension Obligations and Pension Plan Costs
ASOP 25	Credibility Procedures
ASOP 27	Selection of Economic Assumptions
ASOP 35	Selection of Demographic Assumptions
ASOP 44	Selection and Use of Asset Valuation Methods
ASOP 51	Assessment and Disclosure of Risk

CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT



APPROVAL PROCESS

- Actuary presents actuarial valuation at Board meeting
- If not approved (rare), Actuary revises valuation to present at next Board meeting
- If approved, Actuary sends valuation to State
- State typically reviews on a triennial lookback period

APPROVAL PROCESS

- State may not approve for reasons such as unreasonable actuarial assumptions or methodologies
- If State does not approve, case-by-case basis
- May have to revise past valuations, which would affect contribution requirements and sponsor's budgeting

ACTUARIAL VALUATION TIMING

- Required by FL statute once every 3 years
- *Most* are done annually
- Annual actuarial valuations help prevent volatility in sponsor contributions

ASSUMPTIONS & METHODS

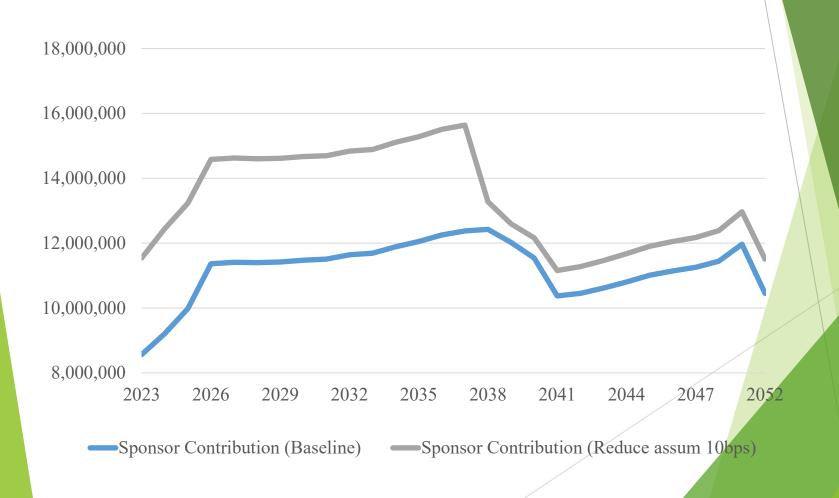
- Contributions + Investment Earnings = Benefit Payments + Expenses
- Actual cost to the plan are determined by actual experience not assumptions
- Better Assumptions = Less Volatile Contributions

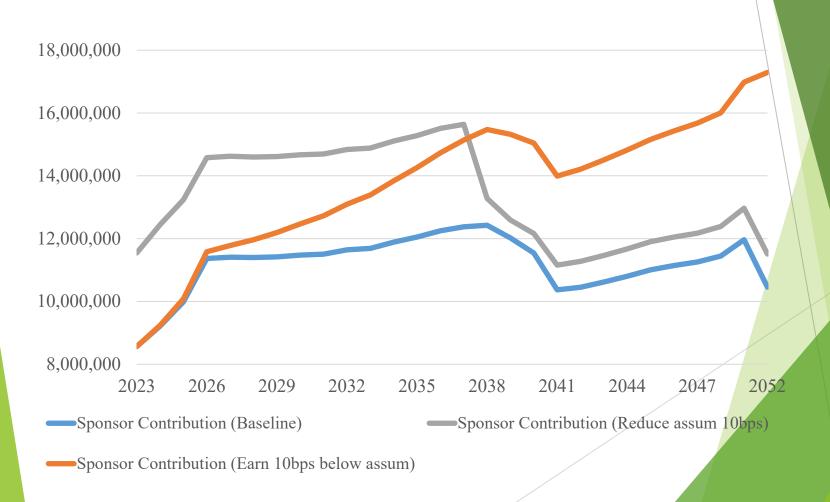
ASSUMPTIONS & METHODS

- Investment Return
- Asset Smoothing
- Salary Increases
- Demographic Assumptions
- Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Amortization



- If I decreases, then C must increase
- Lowering investment return assumption increases contribution requirements





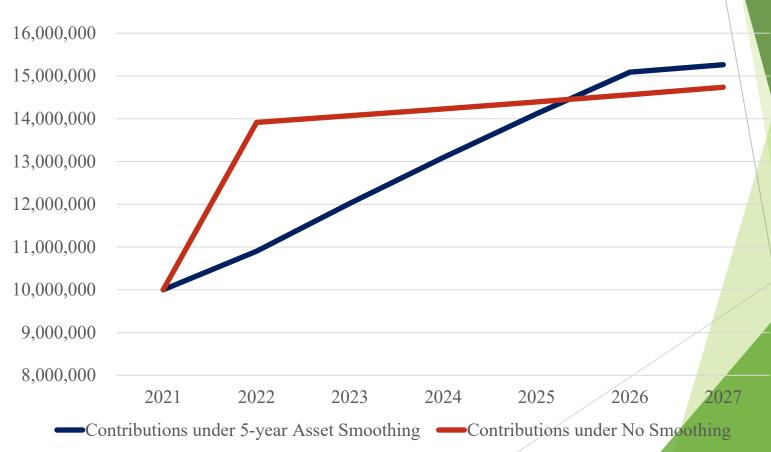
ASSET SMOOTHING

• NEGATIVE double digit return for FYE 9/30/2022 still playing a role in today's actuarial valuations!

It's me. Hi.
I'm the
problem. It's
me.

ASSET SMOOTHING

 Smoothing helps with volatility by spreading impact to future years



SALARY INCREASE ASSUMPTION

- Typically servicebased
- Projects employee's salary from date of hire to expected date of retirement



SALARY INCREASE ASSUMPTION

- Merit
- Promotions
- Inflation / Cost-of-Living Adjustments
- Negotiated Increases



DEMOGRAPHIC ASSUMPTIONS

- Retirement Rates
- Withdrawal Rates
- Disability Rates
- Mortality Rates





EXPERIENCE STUDIES

- Important to perform every 5 years!
 - Stable contributions
 - State Approval



 Immediately impacts sponsor contributions, but "pay now or pay later"

ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS



The ultimate cost of your retirement plan is independent of any assumptions or methods.

Questions?

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